



Department of
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING
THE UNIVERSITY OF UTAH

A Collection of Virtual Experiments with Tracking of Student Interaction Data

Anthony Butterfield
Kyle Branch

November 11, 2015
Best Practices of Online Courses and Virtual Environments



Example of Browser-Based Teaching Tools



2010 AIChE Presentation

Select a type of random variable: Normal $\mu = 0$ $\sigma = 1$

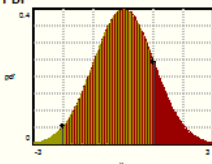
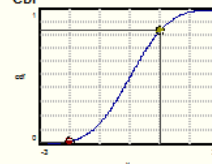
Random variable details:
Normal (Gaussian) Distribution - For reasons made clear by the central limit theorem, this is one of the most used and most common distributions in research. The pdf for this random variable is given by:

$$PDF = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

and the cdf is:

$$CDF = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{erf\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2}$$

where μ is the mean and σ is the standard deviation. Note that *erf* indicates use of the error function. An example of the normal distribution may be seen in the height of the human population, or in the displacements in a small particle undergoing thermal motion.

PDF  **CDF** 

Example, Determining Probabilities:
 Assuming the above PDF, what is the probability that a measurement, x , will be:

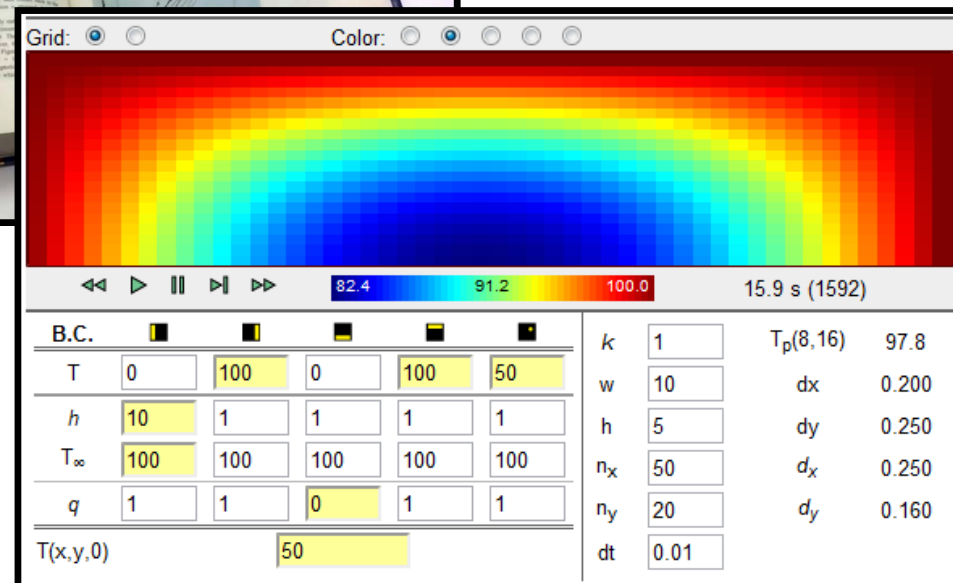
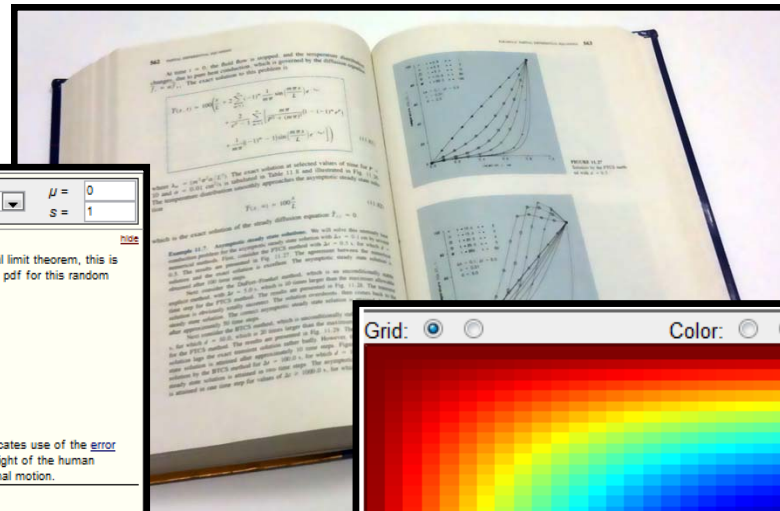
Above -2 and Below 1

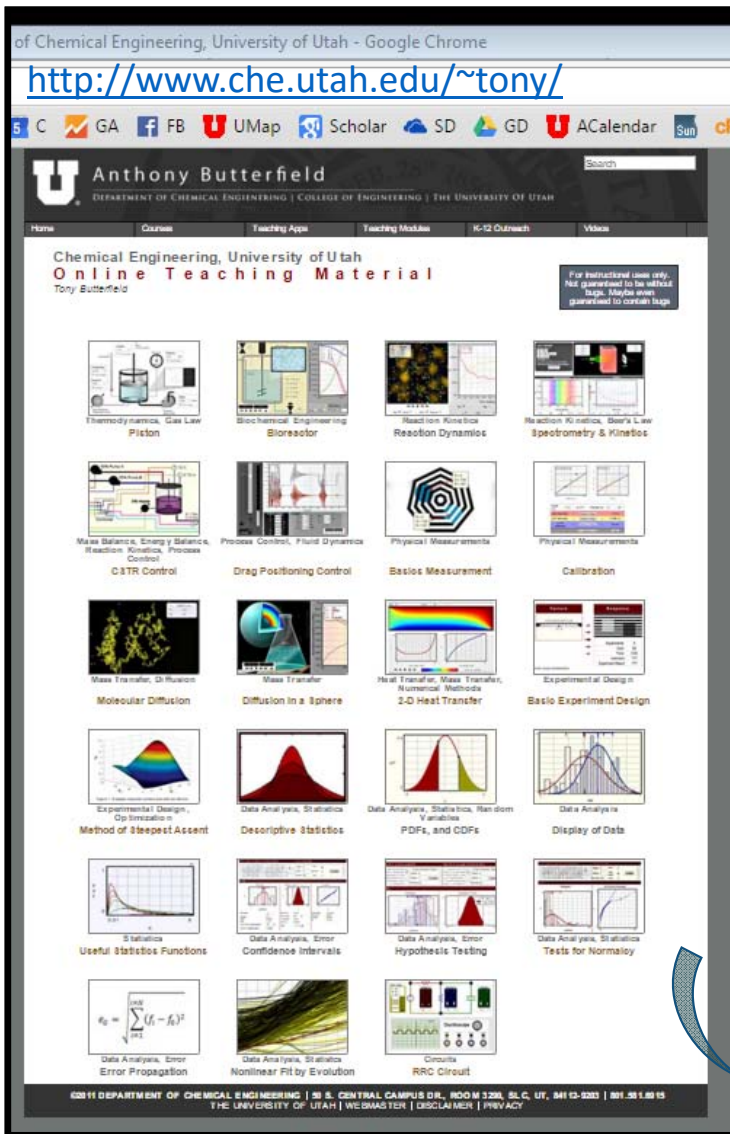
$P1 = \text{Probability that } x \text{ is above } -2$
 $P1 = (1 - CDF(-2))$
 $P1 = 0.9772504279207849$

$P2 = \text{Probability that } x \text{ is below } 1$
 $P2 = CDF(1)$
 $P2 = 0.8413447460685428$

$P = P2 - (1 - P1) = 0.8185951774438943$

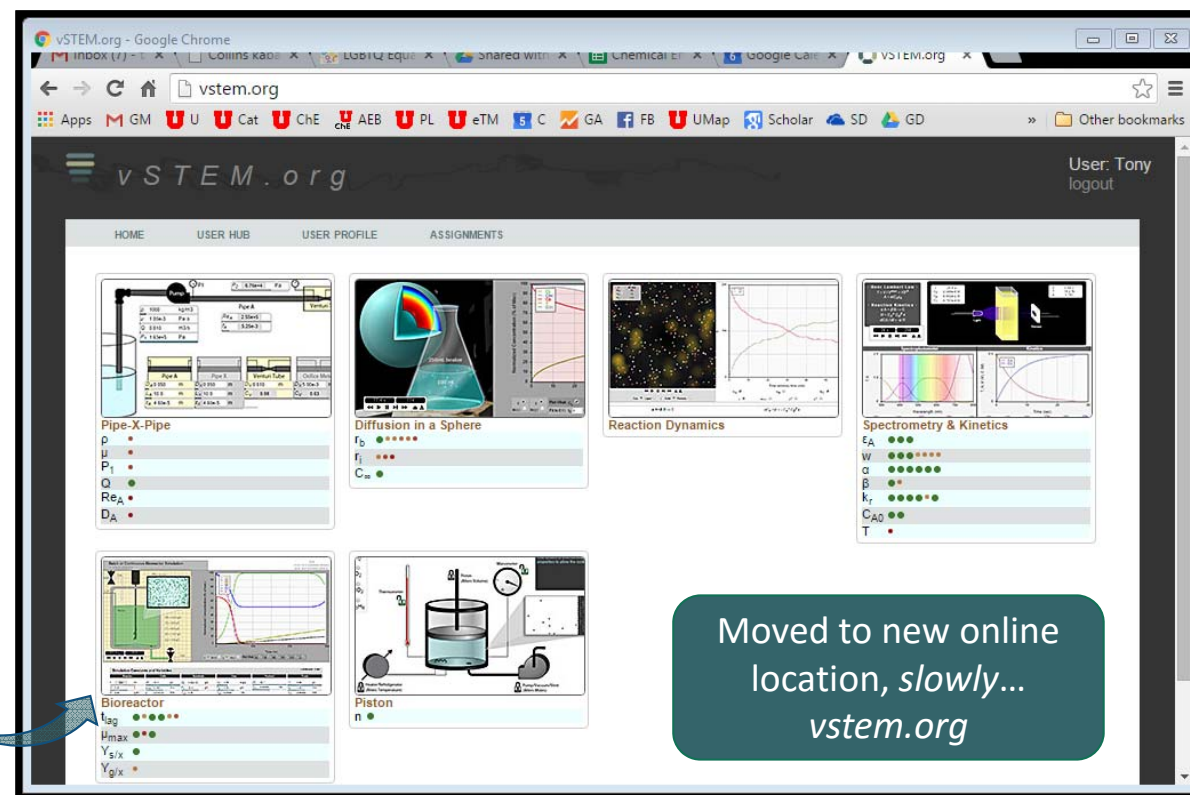
[Show Graphically](#)



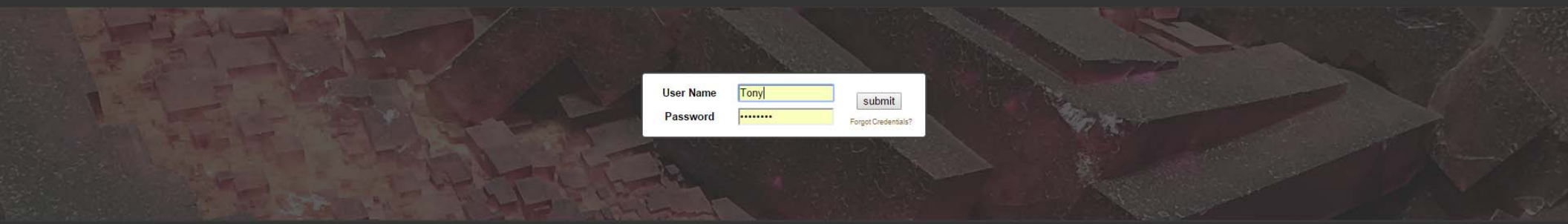


vSTEM.org

Collection of Chem E Applications & Simulations



Moved to new online location, slowly...
vstem.org



User Name submit

Password [Forgot Credentials?](#)

A Collection of Virtual Experiments with Tracking of Student Interaction Data: *Motivation*

- Packing students into labs & classes.
 - Save lab resources.
 - Track students (and their retention) better.
 - Track students from year to year.
 - 50% transfer students.
 - More effectively track lab safety
- Better prepare individuals for team hands-on design projects.
 - General need for open-ended lab-like chemical engineering simulations.
- What can we learn about student learning from their interactions with simulated experiments?



https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:2006_sardines_can_open.jpg

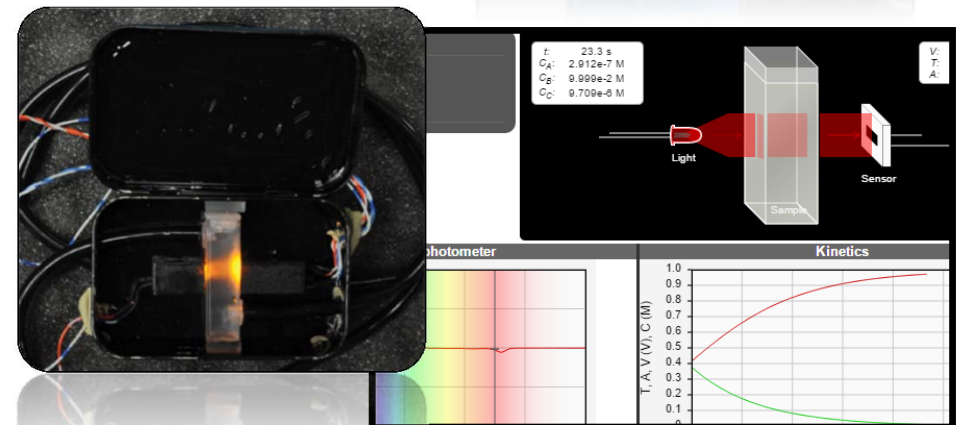
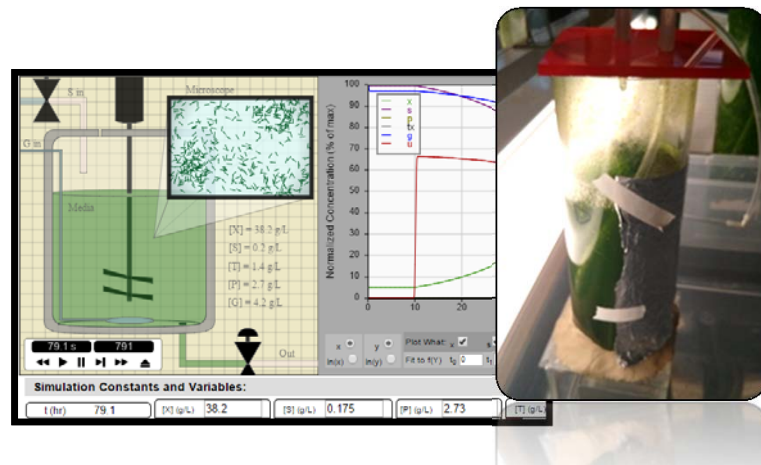
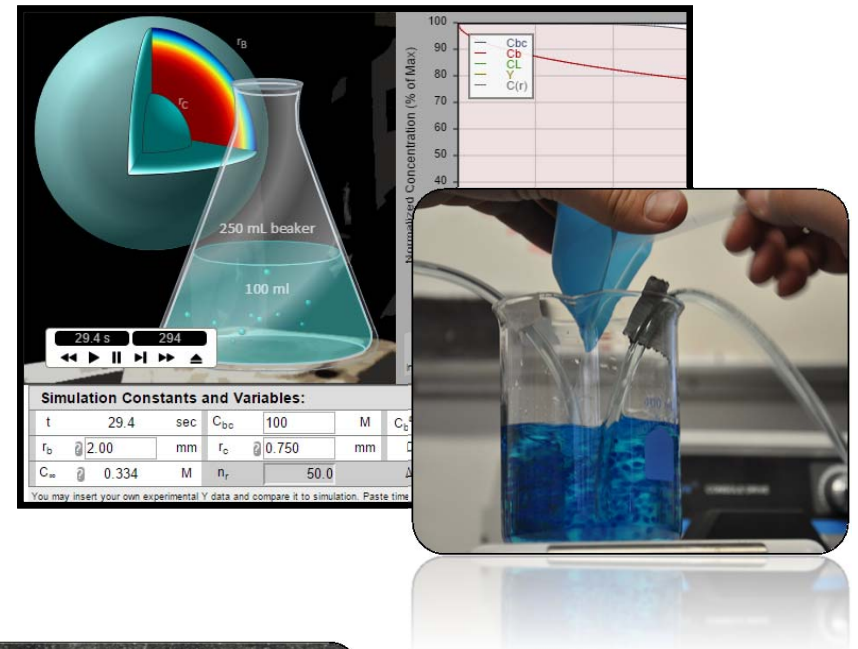
Why Not Use Existing Online Resources?

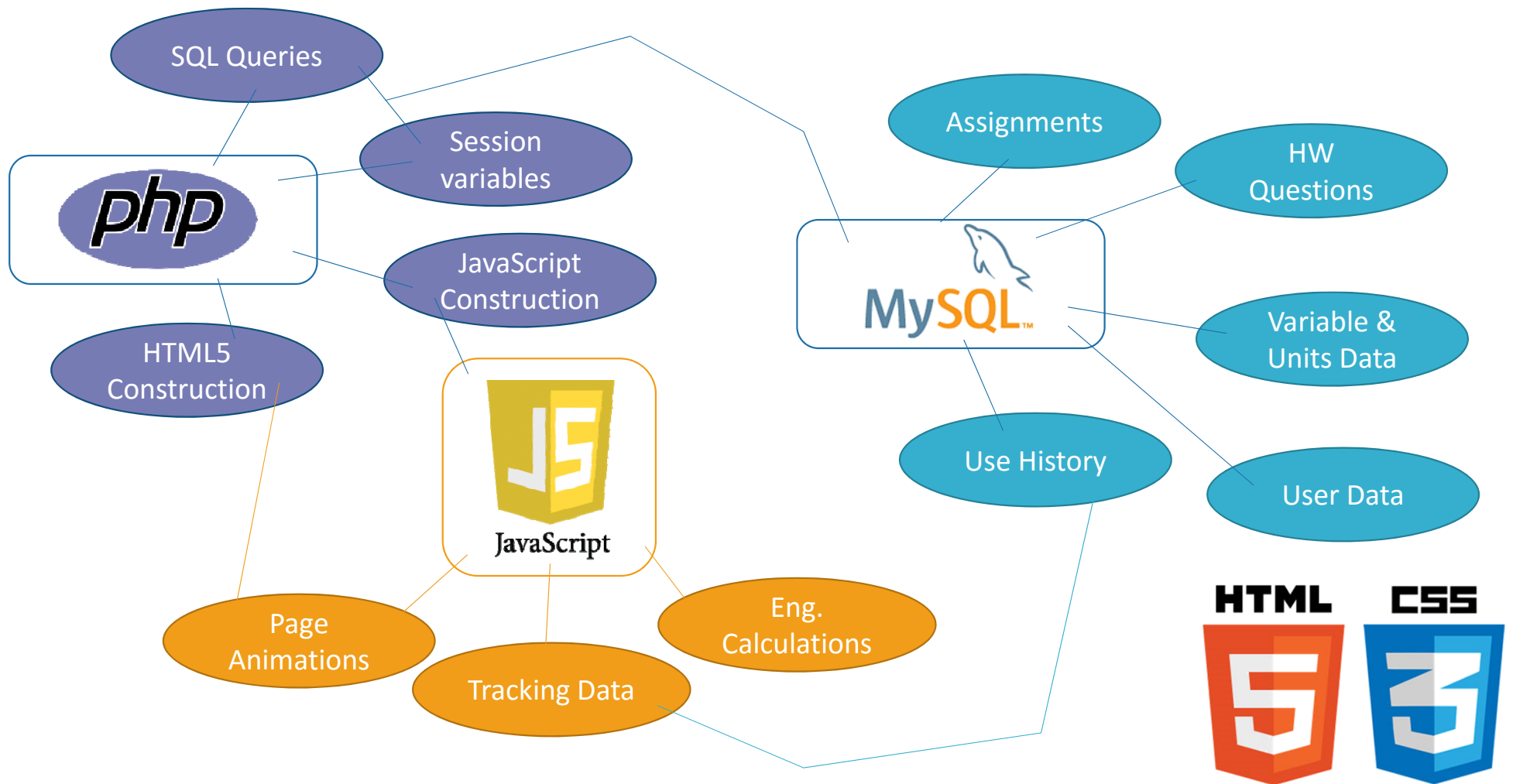
- Many won't function on all devices
- Need to fit our particular lab projects
- We want the data...

- And programming is how I relax...

Our Simulations

- Simulate lab experimentation
- Coupled with hands-on projects
 - Used in our freshman and senior laboratory courses
 - Soon to be implemented in our mid-curriculum courses





Home Page

User Hub

User Profile

Assignments

Score	Assignment	Questions Completed	Due Date
No Credit	1. Pretest	0/16	CLOSED
11/11	2. Units	17/17	Sep 11, 2015 at 5:00PM
6/6	3. Circuits	11/11	Oct 19, 2015 at 11:00AM

User Data Management & FERPA Fears

- How to link score to names *and* ensure privacy is maintained?
 - Data PW protected.
 - PW encrypted.
- Lost passwords...
- Compromising usernames...
- Demographic data.

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `vstem.org/user/newUser.php`. The page is titled "New User, EngineerLab - Google Chrome". The vSTEM.org logo is visible in the top left, and a "login" link is in the top right. The registration form contains the following fields and labels:

- User Name (public) *
- Password *
- Confirm Password *
- e-mail *
- First Name +
- Last Name +
- Institution +

Below the form is a reCAPTCHA widget with the text "I'm not a robot" and a "Submit" button. To the right of the form, there are error messages:

User Name:
>> User name " " is no good.
>> Should use only letters, numbers, underscores.

Password:
>> Password is no good.
>> Password length > 6.
>> Password length < 15.
>> Use only letters and numbers.
>> Use at least one number.
>> Use at least one lower and one upper case letter.
>> Password matches confirmation.

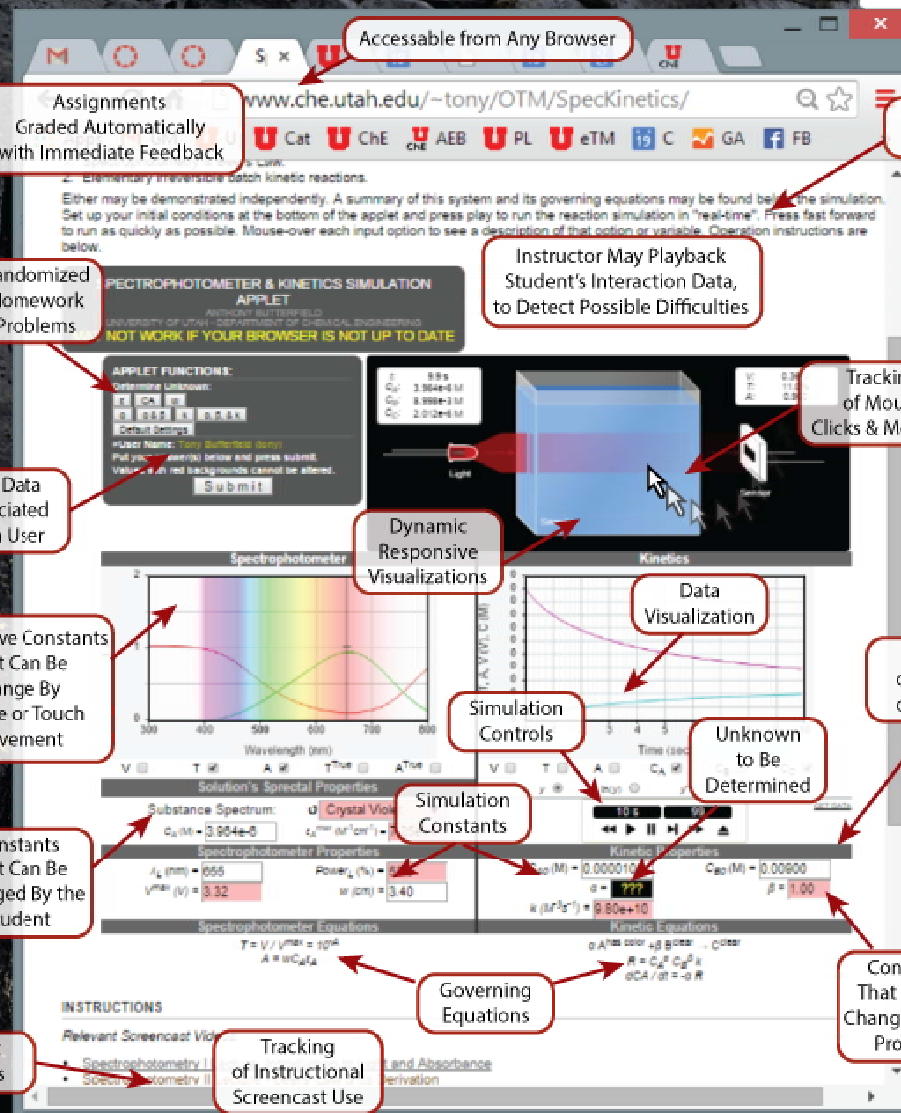
Email:
>> Email address is not valid.

At the bottom of the form, there is a legend:
* = required field
+ = required field, for credit on assignments

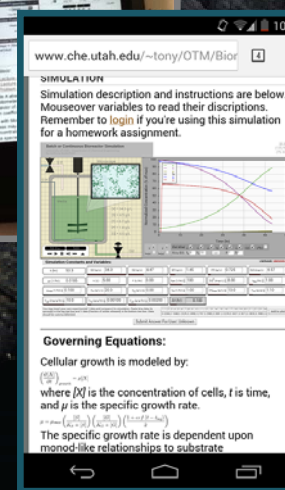
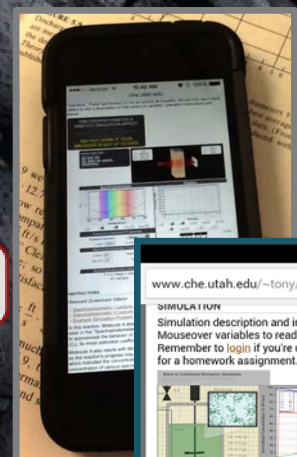
Anatomy of Our Browser-Based Applets

Spectrophotometry & Kinetics

<http://vstem.org/app/SpecKinetics/>



Device Agnostic
Phone, Tablet, Desktop



Immediate Feedback

HOME USER HUB USER PROFILE ASSIGNMENTS

Ideal Gas in a Piston

This app simulates an ideal gas within a piston. Place your mouse over the system variables below to see a detailed descriptions of each.

To make sure the system is not over or under defined, two of the locks on the system must be in place. For example, the system can be adiabatic and isomolar (not heat flux, and constant moles), but it could not also be isothermal (constant temperature) and change from one state to another. Click on locks to look or unlock properties, and click and drag to move various properties or the piston. Click on a variable symbol to solve for an unknown value of that variable.

RESULTS	
Your Volume 2	= 7
Correct Volume 2	= 0.792
Percent Error	= 783.84%
Total Error	= 783.8%
Max Error	= 5.0%
Not Near Enough. Try Again?	
Results for Tony successfully recorded in the database.	
Check the Database · Restart the Simulation	

CONSTANTS			
MW = 2.897e+1 g/mol	γ = 1.400e+0 -	n = 3.620e-1 -	S_0 = 1.991e+2 J/mol·K
V_{max} = 2.000e+0 L	P_1 = 1.060e+1 atm	V_1 = 1.078e+0 L	T_1 = 3.270e+2 K
n_1 = 4.259e-1 mol	m_1 = 1.234e+1 g	V_{m1} = 2.531e-3 m ³ /mol	P_1 = 1.144e+1 kg/m ³
$C_{p,1}$ = 2.920e+1 J/mol·K	$C_{v,1}$ = 2.088e+1 J/mol·K	U_1 = 6.829e+3 J/mol	H_1 = 9.548e+3 J/mol
S_1 = 1.482e+2 J/mol·K	v_1 = 5.308e+2 m/s	W = 3.799e+2 J	Q = 0.000e+0 J
P_2 = 1.832e+1 atm	V_2 = 7.920e-1 L	T_2 = 3.899e+2 K	n_2 = 4.259e-1 mol
m_2 = 1.234e+1 g	V_{m2} = 1.880e-3 m ³ /mol	P_2 = 1.558e+1 kg/m ³	$C_{p,2}$ = 2.940e+1 J/mol·K
$C_{v,2}$ = 2.108e+1 J/mol·K	U_2 = 7.798e+3 J/mol	H_2 = 1.087e+4 J/mol	S_2 = 5.270e+1 J/mol·K
v_2 = 5.844e+2 m/s			

Piston Containing an Ideal Gas

University of Utah - Department of Chemical Engineering
by Anthony Butterfield

May Not Work if Your Browser Is not Up to Date

Gas: H₂, N₂, O₂, Air, CO₂, CH₄, C₂H₆, X

Properties: MW = 28.97 g/mol, γ = 1.4

Thermometer

Piston (Alters Volume)

Pressure Gauge

Adiabatic compression of gas. No heat flows into or out of the system but T and P increased by moving the piston.

Spectrophotometry & Kinetics

SIMULATION

This simulation is meant to demonstrate aspects of:

1. Spectrophotometry & Beers Law.
2. Elementary irreversible batch kinetic reactions.

er may be demonstrated independently. A summary of this system and its governing equations may be found below the simulation. Set up or initial conditions at the bottom of the applet and press play to run the reaction simulation in "real-time". Press fast forward to run as kly as possible. Mouse-over each input option to see a description of that option or variable. Operation instructions are below.

RESULTS		
Your Stoichiometric Coefficient on A	=	2
Correct Stoichiometric Coefficient on A	=	2
Percent Error	=	0.00%
Total Error	=	0.0%
Max Error	=	5.0%
Within Error. Good Job!		
Results for Tony successfully recorded in the database.		
Check the Database · Restart the Simulation		

CONSTANTS			
W = 2.587e+0 cm	λ = 5.792e+2 nm	P_L = 2.080e+1 %	V_{max} = 3.076e+0 V
V = 5.460e-3 V	T = 1.775e-1 %	A = 2.754e+0 -	C_{A0} = 4.767e-5 M
C_A = 4.767e-5 M	C_{B0} = 7.406e-4 M	C_B = 7.406e-4 M	C_C = 0.000e+0 M
ϵ_A = 4.741e+4 M ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹	α = 2.000e+0 -	β = 1.000e+0 -	k_r = 1.190e+0 -
t = 0.000e+0 s			

Reaction Within a Spectrophotometer

University of Utah - Department of Chemical Engineering
Anthony Butterfield

May Not Work if Your Browser Is not Up to Date

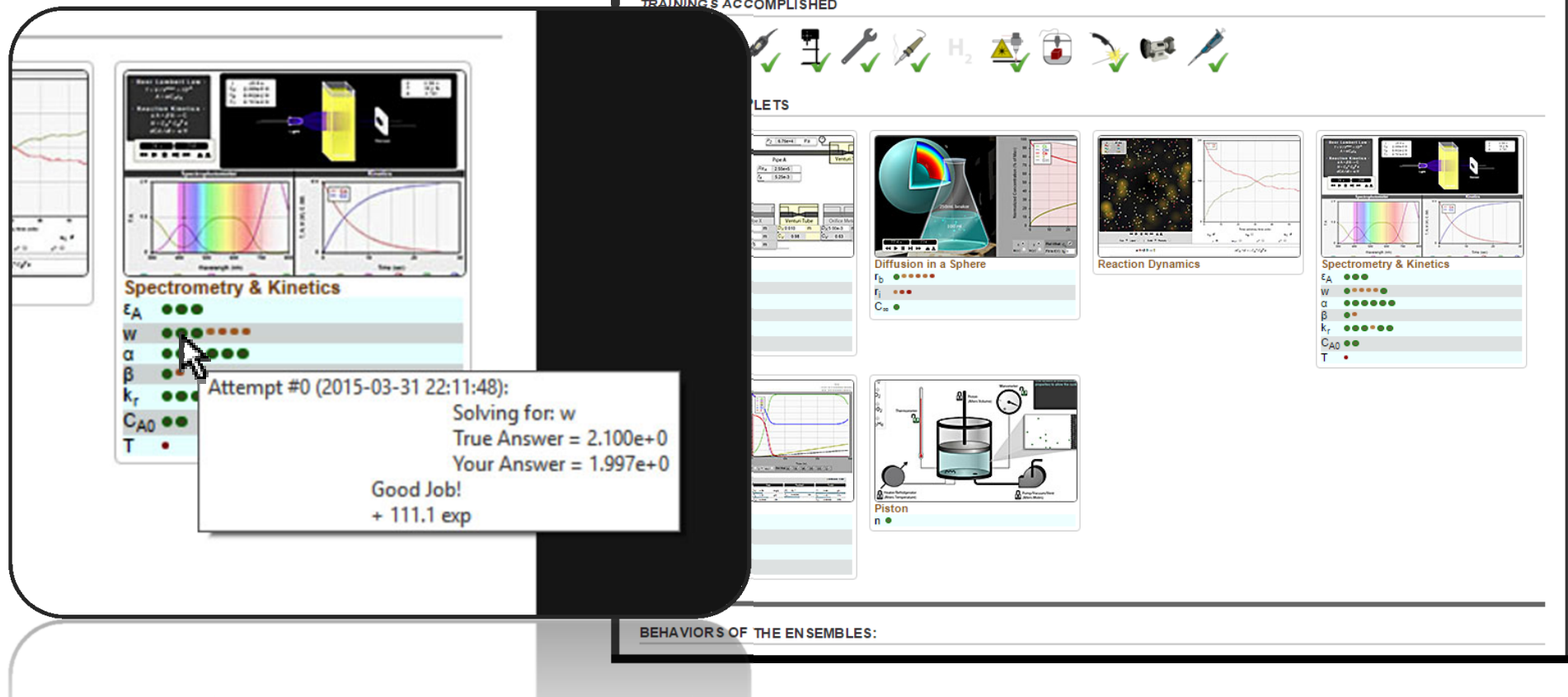
Beer Lambert Law

t: 0 s

V: 0.31 V

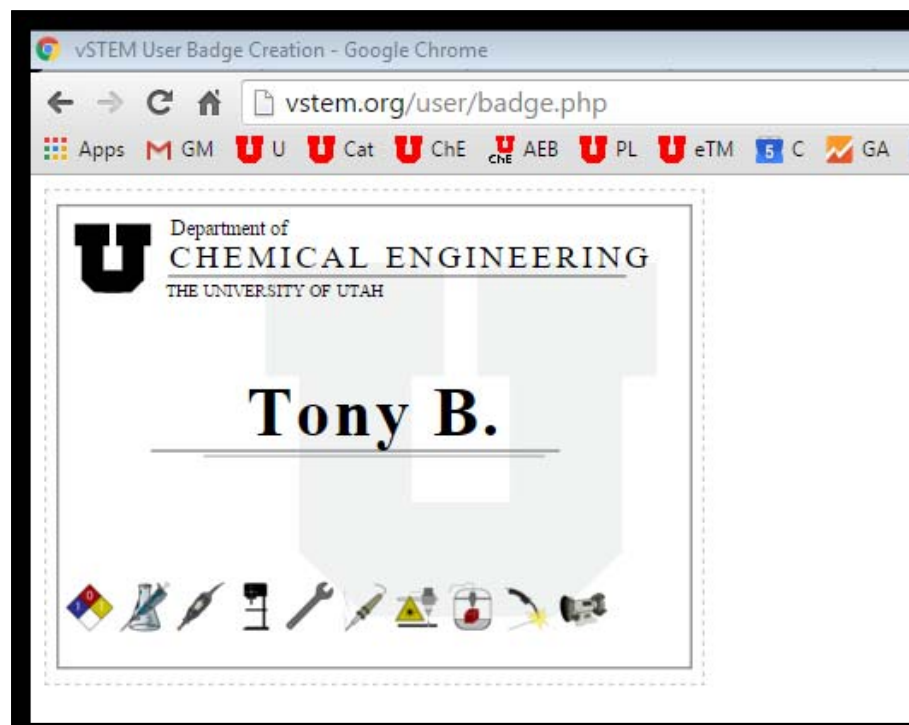
50300.6
(28, 419)
(-186, -368)

Record of Accomplishments



Tracking of Lab Training

- Needed to use a new piece of lab equipment.
- Quick indication of authorization.
- To obtain badge icon:
 - Study SOP.
 - Pass online safety test.
 - Properly operate equipment under instructor supervision.



Data on the Periphery of the Right & Wrong Answer

- Time of use
- User:
 - IP address
 - At university or at home?
 - Unknown user?
 - Operating system
 - Browser
- Total time of use
- Time while interacting
- Every mouse move, and click.
- Every touchpad touch & click.
- Every form change and keystroke.
- Number of
 - Mouse clicks
 - Mouse moves
 - Touchscreen touches
 - Keystrokes
 - Form changes
 - App controls



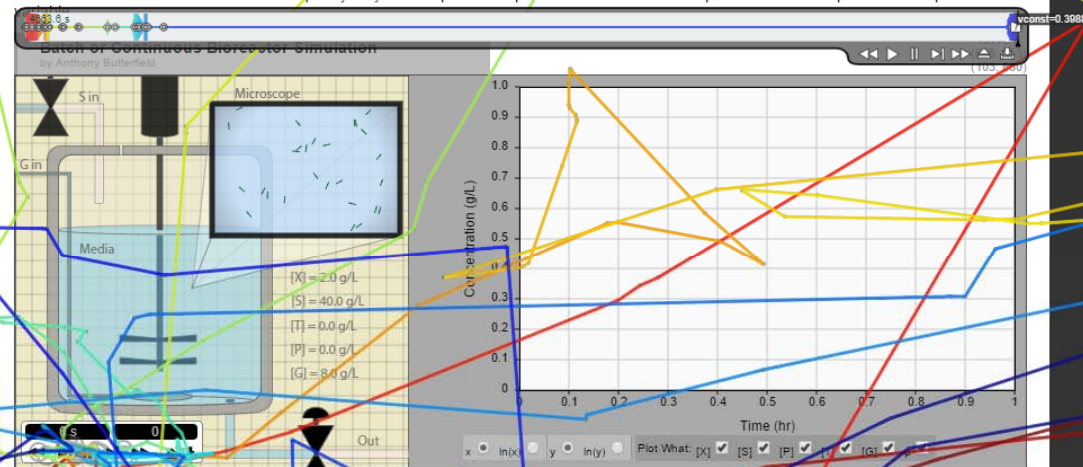
S WATCHING
YOU

George Orwell
nineteen
eighty-four
a novel

HOME LOGIN NEW USER

Bioreactor Simulation

This simulation is meant to demonstrate aspects of microbial growth in a bioreactor. A summary of this system and its governing equations may be found below the simulation. Set up your initial conditions at the bottom of the applet and press play to run the reaction simulation in "real-time". Press fast forward to run as quickly as your computer is capable. Mouse-over each input to see a description of that option or



Simulation Constants and Variables:

Parameter	Cells	Substrate	Gas	Product	Toxin
μ_{max}	0.003 1/h	K_s 20.0 g/L	K_p 0.00 g/L	$Y_{p/x}$ 0.00200 1/h	k_d 1.00 1/h
F	0.00 L/h	$Y_{s/x}$ 1.00	$Y_{g/x}$ 0.0100 1/h	$Y_{t/x}$ 0.00100 1/h	$[T]_{max}$ 10.0 g/L
Δt	0.100 hr	i_{lag} 1.00 hr	K_{p2} 100 1/h		

Submit Answer for User: Unknown

<http://vstem.org/app/SpecKinetics/?playid=4561>

Cellular growth is modeled by:

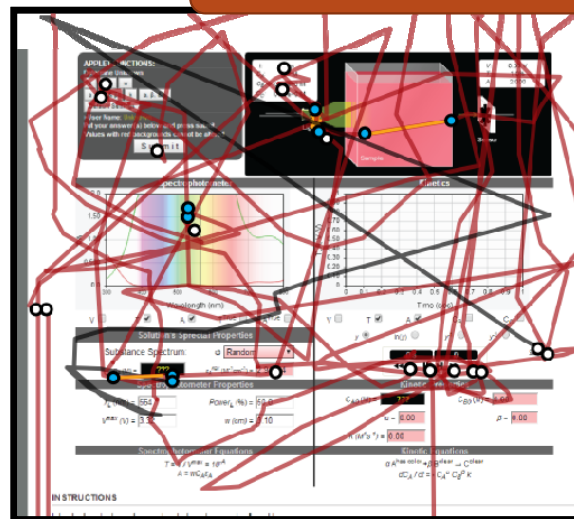
$$\left(\frac{\partial [X]}{\partial t} \right)_{growth} = \mu [X]$$

What Can We Learn from Each Scribble?

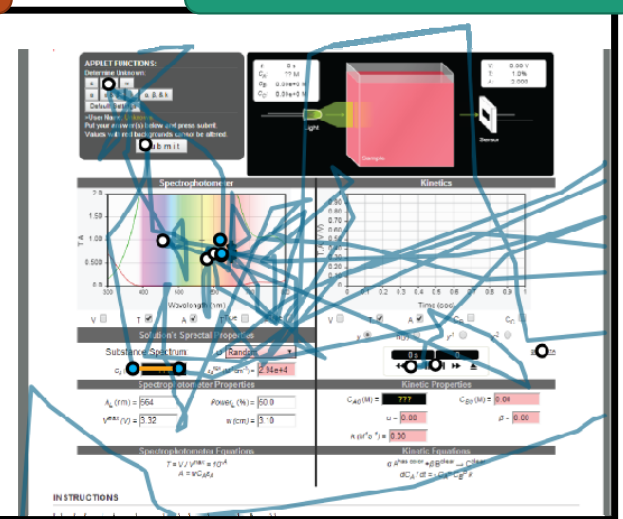
- Most motions tell us very little...
- Some, though, are very telling

- Attempts to interact with app in a way that is not part of the coding.
 - Improve intuitiveness of interface.
- Necessary steps are skipped?
 - Insights into student misunderstandings.

Failed attempt to determine molar extinction Coefficient



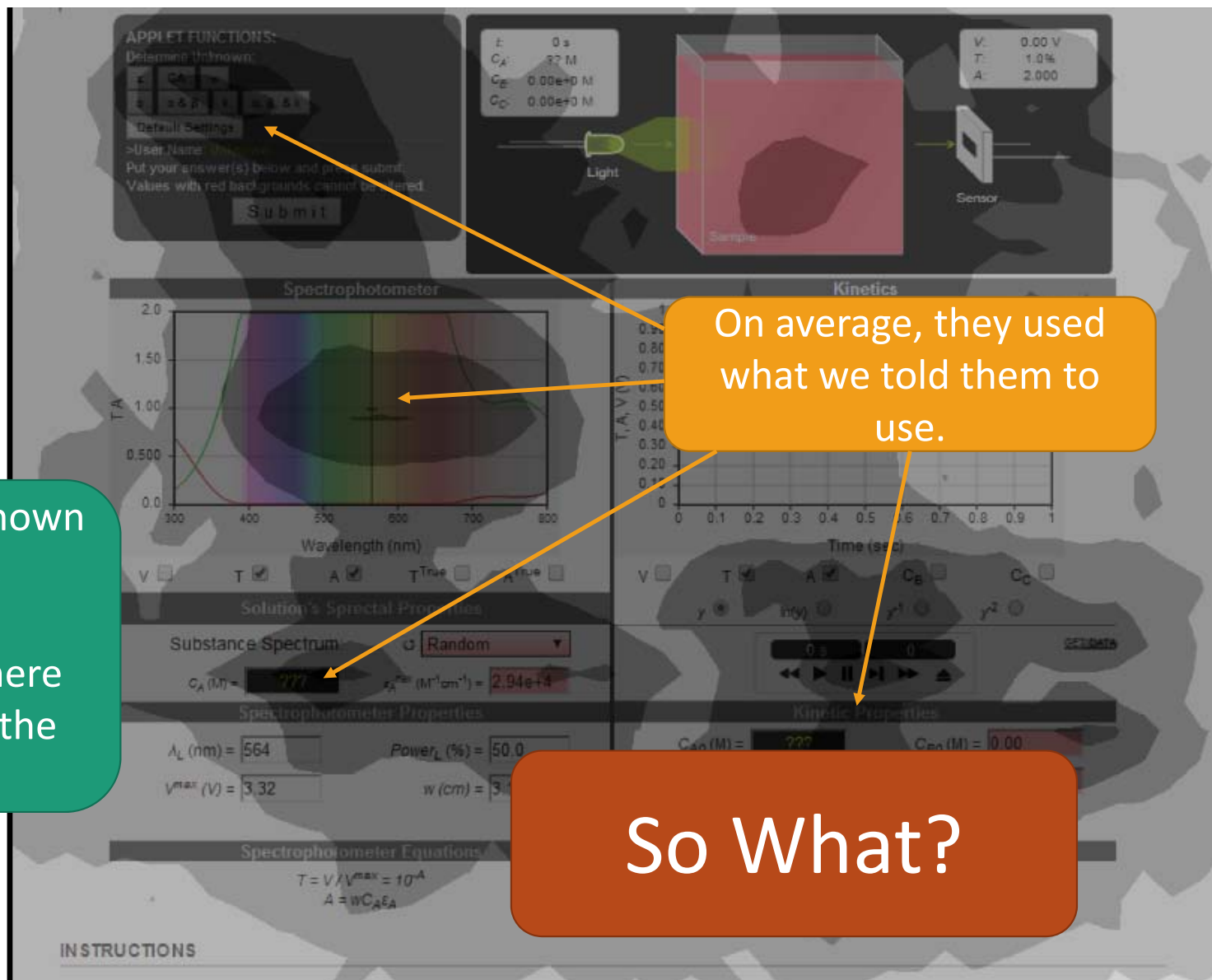
Successful attempt to determine molar extinction Coefficient



Average Mouse Locations

Calculating an unknown
concentration.

Dark areas are where
the mouse spent the
most time.



What Can We Learn from Averaged Scribbles?

Stoichiometric Coefficient

α

Didn't know they could find α by plotting various functions of C_a .

Misunderstanding the need to track concentration over time...

Light areas are where successful attempts spend more time than unsuccessful.

Maximum Molar Extinction Coefficient

ϵ_{max}

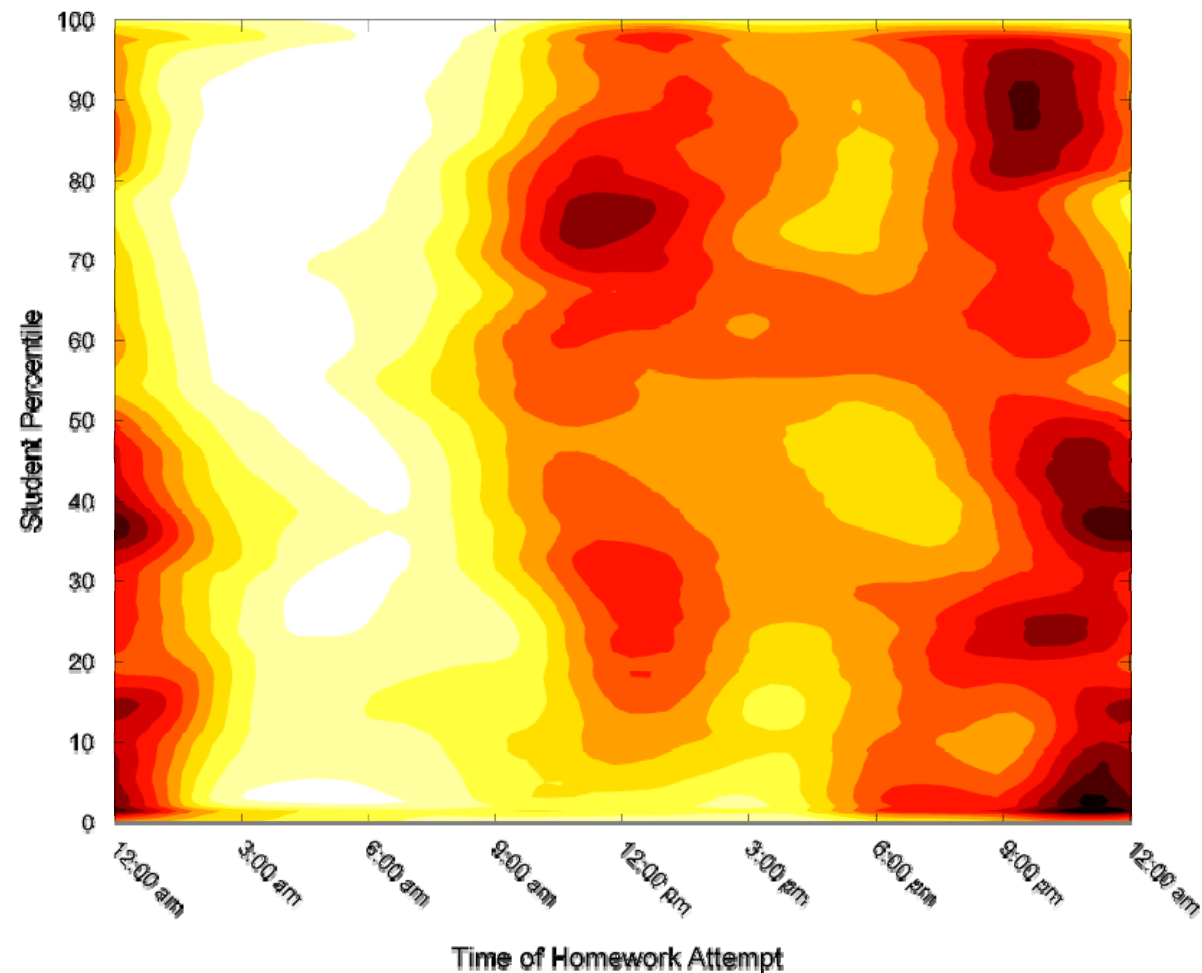
Misunderstanding the need to calibrate...

Didn't download the data

Successful student changed concentration, possibly to simplify calculations.

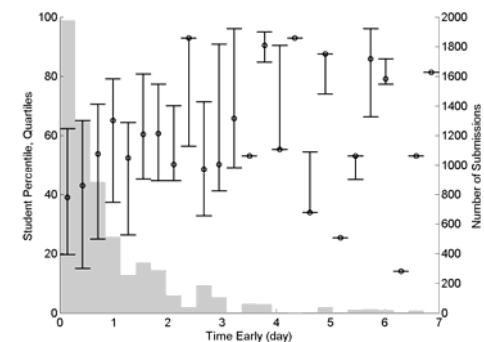
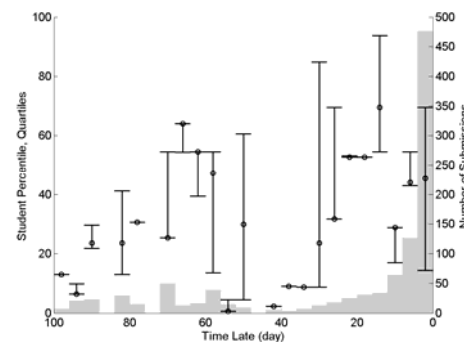
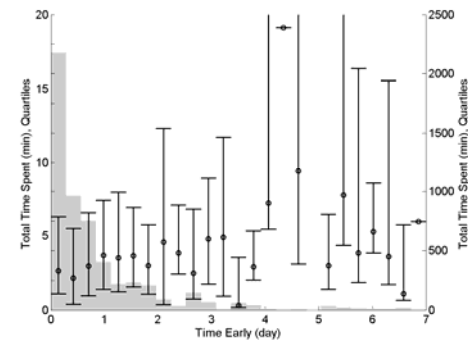
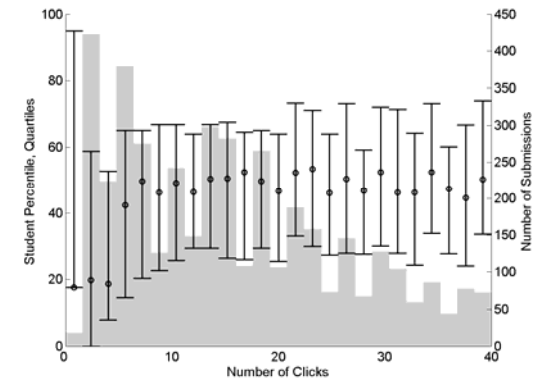
- **When Do Successful Students Do Homework?**

Data shows higher performing students do homework about an hour earlier than their peers.



Other Early Findings

- Higher performing students.
 - Do their homework early.
 - Take more time with the simulations.
 - More time between clicks.
 - More deliberation?
- Lower performing students.
 - Turn their homework in late...
 - Do their homework last minute.
 - Use fewer clicks and less time.



Preliminary Analysis: Pairwise Relationships

	Attempts Required	Attempt Sequence	Time Early/Late	Number of Clicks	Time Between Clicks	Time Spent	Time of Day	Day of Week	Order	Percentile	On Campus	Logged In
Correct												
Logged In												
On Campus												
Percentile												
Order												
Day of Week												
Time of Day												
Time Spent												
Time Between Clicks												
Number of Clicks												
Time Early/Late												
Attempt Sequence												

A bit of an educational datamining nightmare...

And hidden from the user.

- - Key - -

Not Analyzed

Not Enough Data

Unsure How to Analyze

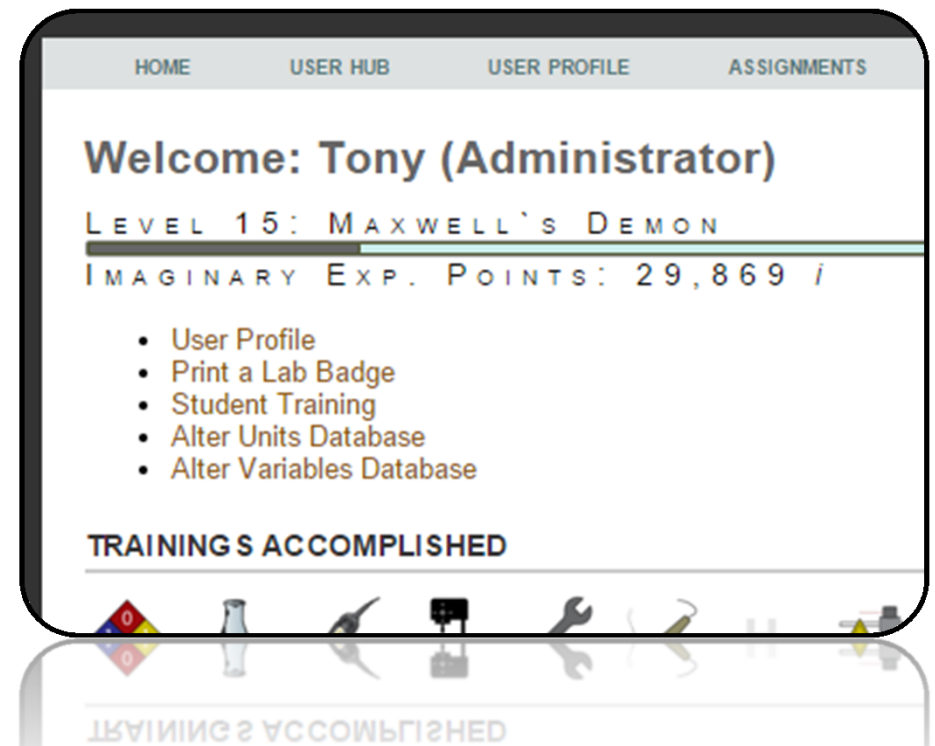
Unlikely Significant

Possibly Significant

Likely Significant

Instructor Interface...

- Moving educational data mining analysis online.
 - Average mouse locations
 - Tests for correlations
 - On any pair of measurements
 - Automated detection of cheating
 - Others.



BEHAVIORS OF THE ENSEMBLES:

Chemical Engineering Design & Innovation
CH EN 1705-2 (2015)

Bioreactor

μ_{max}

$Y_{s/x}$

Diffusion

C_{∞}

SpecKine

ϵ_A

Total attempts: 41
Total correct: 17 (41%)
Total wrong: 24 (59%)
Unique correct: 16 (67%)
Unique wrong: 8 (33%)

Chemical Engineering Design & Innovation
CH EN 1705-3 (2015)

Bioreactor

t_{lag}

μ_{max}

$Y_{s/x}$

$Y_{g/x}$

DiffusionSphere

r_b

r_i

C_{∞}

SpecKinetics

ϵ_A

w

α

β

k_r

C_{A0}

Chemical Engineering Design & Innovation
CH EN 1705-4 (2015)

Bioreactor

t_{lag}

μ_{max}

$Y_{s/x}$

$Y_{g/x}$

DiffusionSphere

r_b

r_i

C_{∞}

SpecKinetics

ϵ_A

w

α

β

k_r

C_{A0}

Pipe-X-Pipe

P

μ

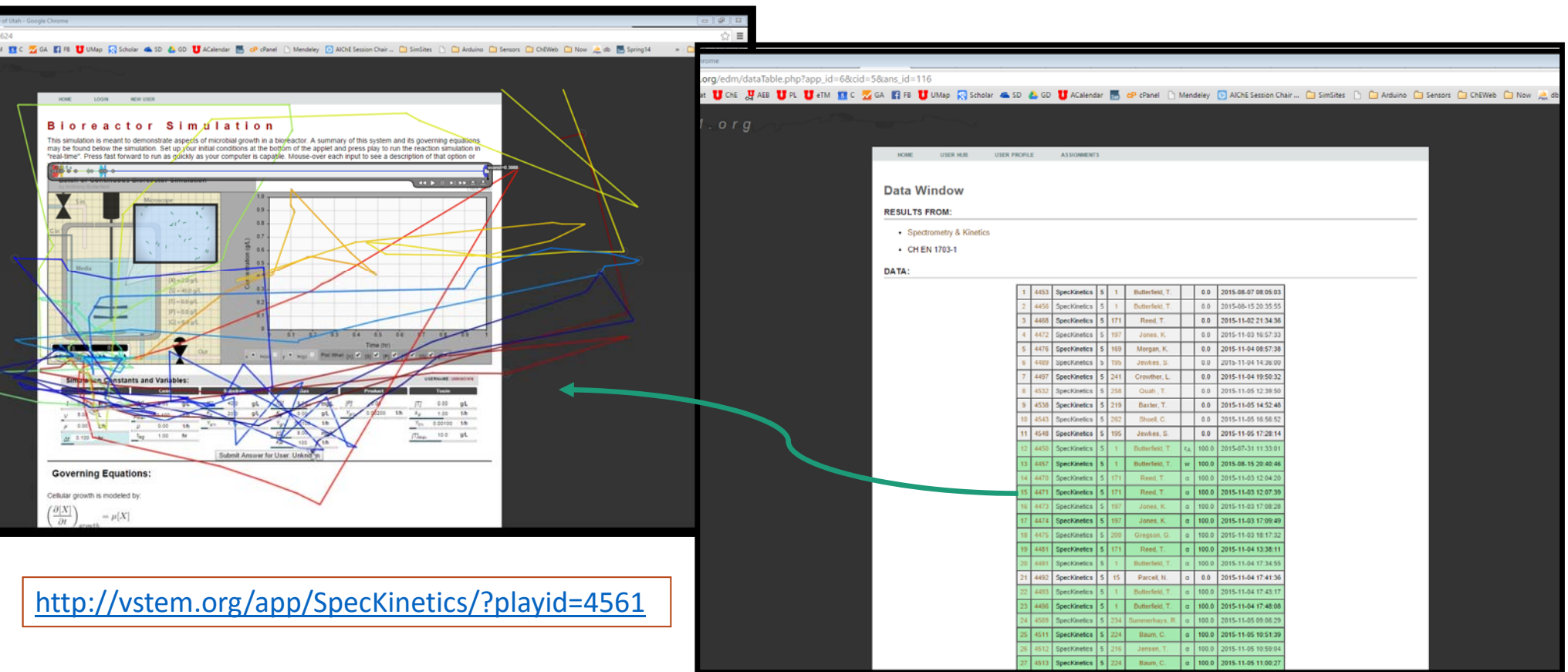
P_1

Q

Re_A

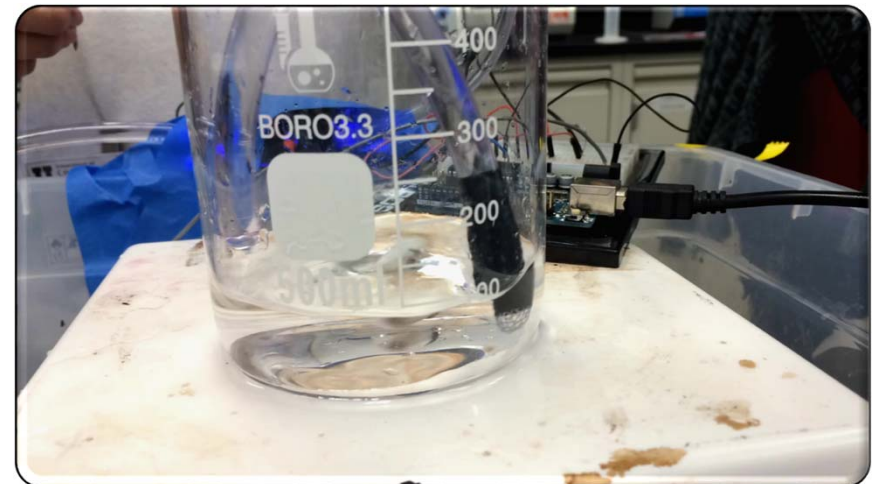
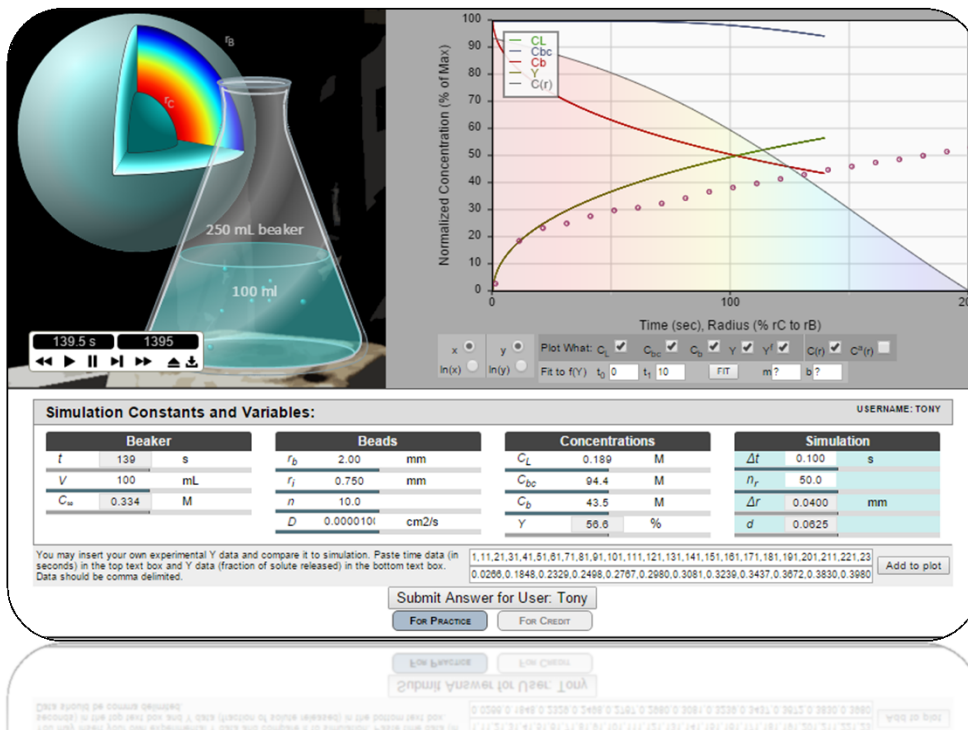
Tracking use
& success at a
glance.

Running Tally of Each Attempt



Interaction With Data from the Real World

- <http://vstem.org/app/DiffusionSphere/>



Gamification

- Imaginary experience points.
 - Solving simulation problems.
 - Hands-on equipment training.
- Levels.
- Evidence of extra work.
- Future:
 - Avatars.
 - Leaderboards.

[HOME](#)
[USER HUB](#)
[USER PROFILE](#)
[ASSIGNMENTS](#)

Welcome: Tony (Administrator)

LEVEL 15: MAXWELL'S DEMON

IMAGINARY EXP. POINTS: 29,708 /

- User Profile
- Print a Lab Badge
- Student Training
- Alter Units Database
- Alter Variables Database

TRAININGS ACCOMPLISHED

AVAILABLE APPLETS

Pipe-X-Pipe

ρ ●

μ ●

P_1 ●

Q ●

Re_A ●

D_A ●

Diffusion in a Sphere

r_b ● ● ● ● ●

r_i ● ● ●

C_{∞} ●

Reaction Dynamics

Spectrometry & Kinetics

ϵ_A ● ● ● ● ●

W ● ● ● ● ●

α ● ● ● ● ●

β ● ● ● ● ●

k_r ● ● ● ● ●

C_{A0} ● ● ● ● ●

T ●

Bioreactor

t_{lag} ● ● ● ● ●

μ_{max} ● ● ● ● ●

$Y_{s/x}$ ● ● ● ● ●

$Y_{g/x}$ ● ● ● ● ●

Piston

n ●

BEHAVIORS OF THE ENSEMBLES:

Student Feedback Comments

- Vast majority were positive.
- Students specifically liked:
 - Open ended problems.
 - Exercising their creativity.
 - Mimicking a work environment.
 - Simulations.

"The way the class is presented as the students being engineers and collaborating on projects and presenting reports to the teacher as a business would be fantastic. The very open-ended projects were a VERY educational and eye-opening experience. Working with people you don't know and solving problems with group ideas (not pre-generated guidelines) was something that is sure to come in handy after graduation."

"An excellent course which affords the students the opportunity to apply engineering principles and get them excited to be participating in engineering early on in the major. Also the open endedness of the projects was very refreshing when compared to the heavy theory and rigidity of the rest of the courses that we take up until senior year."

"Very fun and useful class. Do more!"

"I absolutely loved the class, it made me feel more confident in the choice of my profession. Very hands on, the instructors are great. Overall, regardless of the grade I get, it was a great experience."

"You constantly have us answer questions in class that help everyone stay engaged. The simulations are very helpful for conceptualizing problems."

"I thought the hands-on design and prototyping aspects of this course were awesome. The online simulations we did for individual homework were also generally helpful."

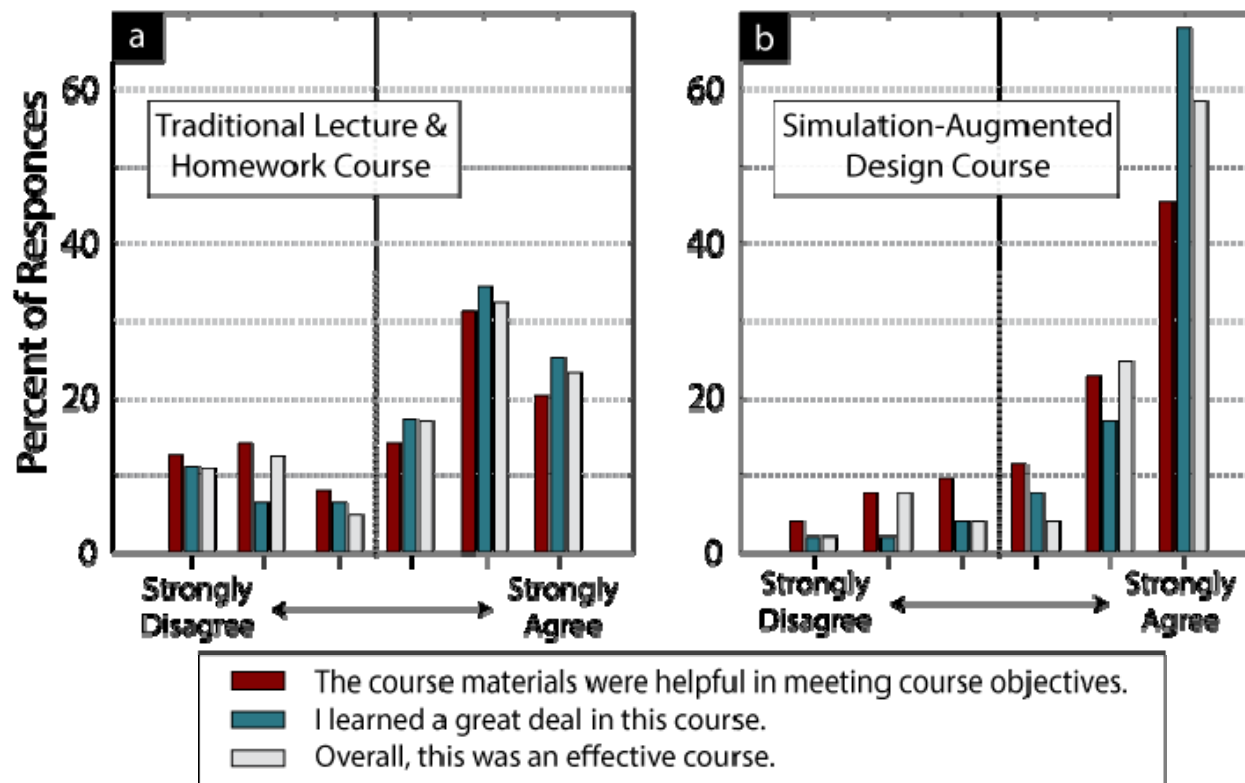
"The design of the course really forced students to take initiative and not rely on instructors to tell them what to do, it really helped me be more confident in coming up with and developing my own ideas."

"This was my absolute favorite class and I really enjoyed every week of it. The hands-on experience was invaluable and the lab experience cannot be replaced."

"It was nice to finally get some hands on engineering in the curriculum."

Same Freshmen, Same Year

Traditional vs New Course Model



- Students took a traditional lecture and textbook introduction to chemical engineering the semester before taking the course developed in this work.
- On official university evaluations, the same cohort was far more enthusiastic about the new course.

Positive Reception by ABET

- Just passed our review unblemished.
- Reviewer made special note of our lab courses which are coupled to vSTEM.org.



https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Sydney_harbour_fireworks_new_years_eve_2008.JPG

Retention & Underrepresented Groups

- Historically:
 - Freshmen to sophomore $\cong$ 60% retention.
 - Freshmen to graduation $\cong$ 45% retention.
- Over 90% agreed with both statements:
 - “Choosing to major in chemical engineering was the right choice for me”
 - “I will graduate with a degree in engineering”
- No other statistical differences between racial and ethnic groups or genders detected.
- Except... Women perform better than men ($P=0.014$).
 - On average by 8.7 percentage points.

Can now track students and underrepresented status from freshmen to senior years.



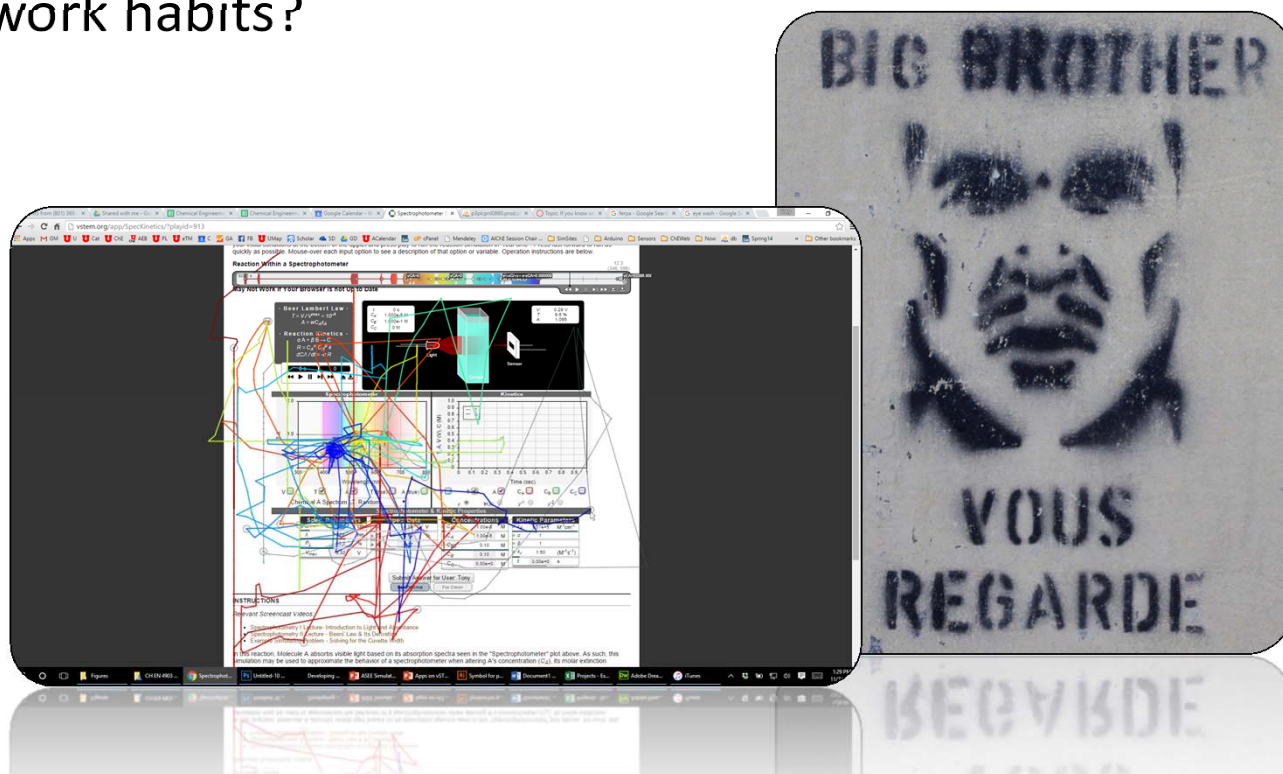
Real Virtual Hurdles...

- It's just me and my grad student...
- We code until it works seamlessly... for our courses.
 - Want to extend reach.
 - Working now to make use seamless for anyone.
 - Have only moved beyond our department on accident.
 - Use as classroom examples should be easily transferable.



Future Work: Letting Students Know What Big Brother Knows

- How can knowledge of peer behavior be used to encourage better work habits?
 - % started homework
 - % successful
 - Time it took
 - Leaderboards
- Peer worked examples.





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CHEMICAL ENGINEERING
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A Collection of Virtual Experiments with Tracking of Student Interaction Data

Anthony Butterfield
Kyle Branch

November 11, 2015
Best Practices of Online Courses and Virtual Environments

