

Outline

- Data education in undergraduate ChE curricula (a sampling)
- Data education in a graduate ChE curriculum

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- Universities sampled
 - University at Buffalo (2016)
 - University of Texas Austin (2014)
 - University of Massachusetts, Amherst (2014)
 - Massachusetts Institute of Technology (2017)
- A good coverage of different amounts and approaches used in ChE curricula

- University at Buffalo, 14 weeks to juniors
- Lecturer: David A. Kofke (ChE)
- William Navidi, Statistics for Engineers & Scientists
- Sampling and descriptive statistics, probability, error propagation, common distributions, confidence intervals, hypothesis testing, factorial experiments

- University of Texas Austin, 16 weeks to juniors
- Lecturer: Keith Friedman (ChE)
- · R.A. Johnson, Statistics & Probability for Engineers
- Linear regression, JMP, simple distributions, confidence intervals, hypothesis testing, ANOVA, design of experiments, statistical process control
- Taught by ChE lecturer

- University of Massachusett, 3.5 weeks to juniors
- Lecturer: Michael A. Henson
- Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics
- Probability distributions, confidence intervals, hypothesis testing, regression and correlation, factorial and fractional factorial experimental design, Matlab statistics

- Massachusetts Inst. Tech., small number of lectures to seniors in design and project courses
- Lecturers: numerous
- No textbooks
- Laboratory kinetic data and curve fitting

Data Education in ChE Curricula

- Data education ranges from
 - A few lectures in some chemical engineering course(s)
 - 3.5 weeks in a chemical engineering course
 - Statistics and probability course taught by statistics/math faculty
 - Engineering statistics taught by a non-ChE engineer
 - Engineering statistics course taught by ChE faculty
- MIT is rare in that all of its graduate students take some statistics, which is covered in two courses, and the training includes more advanced methods

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- MIT, 4 weeks (12 hours) to all graduate students
- Lecturers: William Green and James W. Swan
- Electronic lecture notes
- Probability theory, stochastic differential equations, models vs. data, Monte Carlo methods, stochastic chemical kinetics
- Clear that most entering students lack a basic understanding of probability and statistics

- MIT, 3.5 weeks (10 hours) to most graduate students
- Lecturer: Richard D. Braatz
- Electronic lecture notes
- Statistical and model-based iterative experimental design, linear and nonlinear regression (parameter estimation), uncertainty quantification, control charts, chemometrics for sensor calibration and process monitoring

- Main goal: train students to be effective in translating data into making good decisions
 - Experimental design ⇒ generate data so that the model will be good enough
 - Linear/nonlinear regression ⇒ models for design & control
 - Uncertainty quantification ⇒ is the model good enough?
 - Chemometrics ⇒ handling correlated data

- Main goal: train students to be effective in translating data into making good decisions
 - Statistical process control ⇒ does data indicate that the process is under control?
 - ⇒ which variables are likely associated with the fault?
 - ⇒ how do classify new data based on historical data
 - Chemometrics (i.e., principal component analysis, partial least squares) and Fisher discriminant analysis

Data Education in a Graduate ChE Curriculum: Experimental Design

- Major steps for designing & carrying out a study:
 - 1. State objectives, assumptions, hypotheses
 - 2. Draw up preliminary design: materials, procedures, ...
 - 3. Review with collaborators, e.g., assess potential biases
 - 4. Draw up final design, including data analysis methods
 - 5. Carry out design: record data, record modifications
 - 6. Analyze data: review, graph, apply data analysis methods
 - 7. Interpret results: confine to evidence, assess significance
 - 8. Write report: background, tables/figures, limit to evidence

Data Education in a Graduate ChE Curriculum: Sensor Calibration, Regression, Uncertainty Quantification

- Start with relating spectra to concentration
- Do linear and nonlinear least squares for constructing algebraic sensor calibration curves, using summation notation and matrix algebra
- Statistical process control: Shewart, CUSUM, EWMA,
 PCA-based T², 1D/2D contribution plots
- Do chemometrics for handling correlated data
- Do parameter estimation for nonlinear dynamic models, quantify uncertainties in parameters